

The blood is the fluid transported in the vascular system of the body. It is made up of plasma, cells, gasses, minerals, proteins, hormones and more. The blood delivers nutrients and oxygen to cells and carries waste products and carbon dioxide away from them.

The blood may be seen as a window into some of the physiologic non-thermal effects of EMF. There are changes in the structures and functions of many cell types (and their organelles) as well as the quality and quantity of substances carried in the plasma.

There are probably a number of mechanisms involved in these EMF effects, (most of which are the subjects of other maps):

- free radical injury and tissue responses, NO/ONOO cycle effects
- shifting of methylation and glutathione cycles
- abnormal hormonal cascades of many kinds
- mitochondrial oxidative stress cascade
- alteration of membrane/receptor functions
- changes in morphology and/or behavior of cells
- alterations in behavior of interfacial water molecules

This map presents an overview of some the limited research available on EMF effects on the blood cells and other components.

RELATED MAPS:

- DNA
- MEMBRANES
- CALCIUM EFFLUX
- IMMUNE SYSTEM
- INTERFACIAL WATER
- HISTAMINE ALLERGIES
- FREE RADICAL INJURY
- MELATONIN HYPOTHESIS
- AUTONOMIC NERVOUS SYSTEM

BLOOD COMPONENTS

CELLS AND CONTENTS

- Red blood cells
- White blood cells
- Platelets
- Hemoglobin
- Glycosylated hemoglobin

PLASMA COMPONENTS

- Glucose
- Calcium
- Magnesium
- Electrolytes
- Hepatic enzymes
- Antibodies
- Proteins and routine biomarkers
- Tissue injury markers
- Free hormones, protein carriers
- Vitamins and metabolites
- Lipids and lipoproteins



EMF, BLOOD CELLS AND CARRIED COMPONENTS



VIDEOS:

- LIVE BLOOD ANALYSIS, EMF
- LIVE BLOOD, CELL PHONE EMF
- LIVE BLOOD ANALYSIS, SMART METERS
- HOW COMPUTER, PHONE AFFECT BLOOD

EMF EFFECTS

BLOOD FACTORS

- Ferritin decreased
- Histamine levels increased
- Homocysteine increased
- Hepatic enzymes increased
- Increased serum glucose

HORMONES

- Insulin levels altered
- Serum cortisol increased
- Melatonin decreased
- Decreased progesterone
- Decreased estrogen
- TSH and thyroid hormones

BLOOD PROPERTIES

- Rouleau formation
- Adhesion changed
- Repair of cells slows
- Viscosity increased
- Osmotic fragility decreased
- Intracellular conformation changes

Studies: Cells

- RF, RBC rouleau
- RF, lymphocyte functions
- ELF lymphocyte chromatin
- ELMF, RBC oxidative stress
- RF, lymphocyte repair altered
- RF, leukocyte mobility changes
- RF, erythrocyte shape changes
- RF, monocyte adhesion changes
- RF, lymphocytes, caspase induction
- RF, lymphocytes, adaptive response
- RF, decrease in multiple cell types
- RF, lymphocyte organelle destruction
- RF, polarized EMF, erythrocyte rouleau
- Shape of RBC affects e-field from EMF
- HF-EF, deformability and stability of RBCs
- RF, blood parameter changes, RBCs serrated
- RF, lymphocytes, adaptive response, cell cycle
- ELF, micronucleated polychromatic RBCs, mice
- RF, oxi-stress, apoptosis, mononuclear leukocyte
- RF, ferritin decreases
- Grounding, physiologic changes
- ELF, workers, hematologic changes
- RF, multiple hematologic changes
- ELF, workers, cardiovascular markers
- RF, mobile phones, rats, blood properties
- EMF, treadmills, glucose
- Article: earthing and glucose
- MF, decreased insulin response to glucose
- RF, melatonin release
- RF, male hormone effects
- ELF, rats, female hormones
- RF, melatonin, testosterone
- ELF, male hormone changes
- ELF MF, dentists, serum cortisol
- MW, change in serotonin level
- RF, hamsters, hormonal changes
- EMF, histamine, heat shock proteins
- RF, rats, decreased thyroid hormones
- RF, male, follicle stimulating hormone
- EMR, medical workers, stress hormones
- MW, mice, change in glucocorticoid level
- RF, base stations, adrenal-pituitary axis affects

Studies: Plasma

- Studies: Plasma
- Studies: Glucose
- Studies: Hormones

Hematopo. tissue

- Adult Leukemia and EMF
- RF, bone marrow toxicity
- RF, cell proliferation, differentiation
- RF, hematopoietic malignancies
- ELF-EMF, erythro-leukemic changes

CBC, WBC Differential

- ★ Incr. RBC, Shift WBC

Platelets

- ★ MW, platelet aggregation
- ★ MW, platelet oxygen metabolism

Vasodilatory reserve and RF

- Decreased O₂ affinity of Hb, RF
- ★ MW, literature review of effects
- ★ EMF, accuracy of glucose monitors

Home: [Oscillatorium](#)
Newest version [this map](#)
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ARTICLES:

- ★ EMF AND CHANGES IN CBC
- SHORT TERM CELL PHONE, BLOOD
- EHS PHYSIOLOGICALLY EXPLAINED
- BLOOD TESTS TO THWART TOWER?

